

Program Summary

Center: Banner Good Samaritan Medical Center (AZGS)
Organ: KI: Kidney

Center Activity (01/01/2009-12/31/2009)	Center	Region	United States	Tables for More Information
Deceased donor transplants (n=number)	60	1,484	10,442	07C,08C,09C
Living donor transplants (n)	53	1,022	6,388	07L,08L,09L
On waitlist at start (n)	515	17,911	80,559	01,02,03
On waitlist at end (n)	520	18,714	86,071	01,02
Number of new patient registrations (n)	162	5,781	34,091	01,02

Waiting List Outcomes (01/01/2009-12/31/2009)				Tables for More Information
	Observed	Expected	Statistical Significance of Difference	
Transplant rate among waitlist patients	0.20	0.18	Not Significantly Different (a)	03,04,05,06
Transplant rate (from deceased donors) among waitlist patients	0.11	0.12	Not Significantly Different (a)	03,04,05,06
Mortality rate while on waitlist	0.04	0.06	Statistically Lower (b)	03,04

Post-transplant Outcomes (01/01/2007-06/30/2009)	1 Year			Tables for More Information
	Observed	Expected	Statistical Significance of Difference	
Adult graft survival (based on 285 transplants) (%)	98.89	95.34	Statistically Higher (b)	10
Adult patient survival (based on 262 transplants) (%)	99.62	97.73	Statistically Higher (b)	11
Pediatric graft survival (based on 2 transplants) (%)	100.00	96.94	Not Significantly Different (a)	10
Pediatric patient survival (based on 2 transplants) (%)	100.00	NA	NA	11

The data reported here were prepared by the Scientific Registry of Transplant Recipients (SRTR) under contract with the Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA).
 Note: Tables referring to small sample sizes should be treated with caution. Sample sizes can be found in the table referenced in the last column.

A Guide to Reading and Understanding the Center-Specific Reports (CSRs) Prepared by the Scientific Registry of Transplant Recipients (SRTR)

Center: Banner Good Samaritan Medical Center (AZGS)

Organ: KI: Kidney

Overview:

These Program-Specific Reports contain a wide range of useful information about transplant programs operating in the United States. The information includes many features of the transplant program, such as the number of transplants performed in recent years, waiting time and waiting list outcomes, and post-transplant experience of patients served by this program. The statistics are arranged to allow comparisons to national averages, as well as to the experience for similar patients at other programs in the country. This report is based largely on data submitted by this transplant program for patients on the waiting list and those transplanted within the last five years.

Table 1 provides a picture of the volume and type of waiting list and transplant activity at this program. Banner Good Samaritan Medical Center (AZGS) had 457 patients on its waiting list on 01/01/2008 and 520 patients on 12/31/2009. During these two years, 394 patients were added to the list and 331 patients were removed. Of the removals, 107 were for transplant from a living donor and 106 were for transplant from a deceased donor. Banner Good Samaritan Medical Center (AZGS) performed 113 kidney transplants (Table 7) during the last year (01/01/2009-12/31/2009). Typical kidney programs currently operating in the United States transplanted between 25 and 92 people in that same period. More about the activity at this program and the types of patients served is found in the Table Details section below and in Tables 1 and 2 (waiting list) and Tables 7, 8, and 9 (transplant).

Waiting times for transplantation differ from facility to facility and also from person to person, depending upon many factors, such as individual medical condition, genetic characteristics and sensitivity of the candidate. Half of the patients listed at this program had received a transplant as of 45.3 months after being placed on the waiting list; in the nation it took 46.7 months to reach the same fraction of patients transplanted. The other half of the patients were either still waiting or removed from the waiting list for reasons including death. Tables 3 through 5, which focus on other characteristics of waiting list and waiting time (including risk-adjusted comparisons) are discussed in the details section below.

At Banner Good Samaritan Medical Center (AZGS), 99.62 percent of adult patients were alive one year after transplant, compared to the 97.73 percent that would be expected based on the characteristics of these patients. Moreover, the p-value of 0.042 indicates that this difference is statistically significant. Similar comparisons may be made for shorter- (1 month) and longer-term (3 year) survival, also in Table 11, as well as for graft survival (Table 10). Further discussion of actual, expected, and national survival rates may be found in the Table Details section below.

The above results reflect survival for both deceased and living donor transplants combined. Of these 262 adult transplants performed by Banner Good Samaritan Medical Center (AZGS), 114 were deceased donor transplants, and 99.12 percent of these recipients remained alive one year later. This program also performed 148 adult living donor transplants in this period with 100.00 percent of these recipients alive one year later.

Specific circumstances at each program may affect many of the measures reported in these reports. Frequently, staff from transplant programs make public comments regarding these reports, made available in the comments page. We encourage all readers of these reports to consider these comments and to contact the program directly for further information.

Table Details:

The above overview provides most readers with a quick look at some of the statistics that help describe a transplant program. The following section, for the more interested reader, provides a more detailed accounting of each table and how figures are defined and calculated.

Tables 1 through 6 focus on characteristics of the waiting list process at this program. Table 1 provides an overview of the waiting list activity at this program: not just the size of the waiting list at a given point in time, but also how many people have moved on to and off of this waiting list, and for what reasons. Shown as a percentage of the total waiting list size on 01/01/2009, the percent of people removed for a transplant from a deceased donor was 11.7%, (vs. 12.9% nationwide) and the percentage of people removed because of death was 3.5% (vs. 5.7% nationwide). Table 2 shows the characteristics of patients on the waiting list at Banner Good Samaritan Medical Center (AZGS).

The waiting time at a given transplant program is affected by many factors, including the medical condition and characteristics of the patients listed with this program (Table 2), the availability of organs in the Donation Service Area served by the OPO, and decisions by medical professionals and other patients about organ acceptance. Some of the variability in waiting time may be accounted for by local availability of organs, in which case other programs in the Donation Service Area served by Donor Network of Arizona may have similar waiting times.

Tables 3 through 6 provide different measures of looking at waiting list outcomes. Table 3 shows a 'risk-adjusted' comparison of two outcomes from the waiting list: transplant rate and death rate. While the national average transplant rate (from deceased donors) is 0.13 transplants per patient year, the rate expected for this program is 0.12. The difference, or 'adjustment', between the national average and expected rate is caused by the fact that this program may treat patients who typically have longer (or shorter) waiting times, based on the characteristics of these patients. The patients on the waiting list at this program experienced a transplant rate of 0.11 per year spent on the waiting list for any person(s) on the waiting list. Compared to the expected rate of 0.12, the difference is not statistically significant ($p > .05$); there is a good possibility that it is due to random chance.

These waiting list rates are measured as the number of transplants (or deaths) per year that any patient spends on the waiting list. It is possible for these rates to be above 1, as would be the case if 2 patients each spent 3 months on the waiting list, and one received a transplant: $1 \text{ transplant} \div .5 \text{ year} = \text{transplant rate of } 2$.

While Table 3 provides a waiting list outcome rate that allows easy comparison of risk-adjusted outcomes, statistics from tables 4 through 6 may be more interpretable at a patient level. Table 4 answers the questions: 'What has been the outcome for patients at this program 6 months after being placed on the waiting list? What about at 12 or 18 months?' The table also examines post-transplant outcomes: at 12 months, for example, the table tells if the patient is still on the waiting list, was transplanted and is still alive, or died after transplant. At this program, 14.0% of patients had received a transplant by 6 months after being placed on the waiting list, compared with 14.2% in the nation (Table 4). At 6 months, 0.7% had died (compared to 1.8% nationally) and 84.2% were still on the waiting list (81.8% nationally). Note that these figures are not adjusted for patient characteristics.

Table 5 provides another way to look at how quickly patients receive transplants at this program, this time looking at many different kinds of patients. At this program, 1.0 percent of patients placed on the kidney waiting list had received transplants as of 30 days after being placed on the waiting list. Those not transplanted, the other 99.0 percent, were either still waiting or removed from the waiting list for reasons including death. At one year after placement on the waiting list, 12.4 percent of patients at this program had been transplanted; this figure was 14.2 for all the programs in the nation. The table also shows similar figures for subgroups of patients, such as by age, disease, or medical urgency, allowing the reader to see if specific groups of patients have experienced longer waiting times.

Table 6 shows the time it takes for a given percentage of patients at this facility to receive a transplant. This is the 'time-to-transplant' among all wait-listed patients, including those who never receive a transplant. Half of the patients placed on the waiting list at this program had received a transplant as of 45.3 months after listing; in the nation it took 46.7 months to reach the same fraction. The other half of the patients were either still waiting or removed from the waiting list, for reasons including death. (Another common statistic, 'median waiting time,' differs in that it is often calculated only among patients who actually received a transplant. The two are often correlated, but different in magnitude. While median waiting time reflects time waiting among successful candidates, time-to-transplant incorporates a measure of the probability of success in receiving an organ.)

The remainder of the tables, 7 through 11, focus on transplants performed at Banner Good Samaritan Medical Center (AZGS) and their outcomes. Tables 7-9 describe the characteristics of transplant recipients, donors, and operations at this program. For example, of the 60 patients receiving deceased donor transplants at this program in the last year, 46.7 percent had organ failure caused by Diabetes, compared to a national average of 24.7 percent.

Tables 10 and 11 show post-transplant outcomes. Table 10 shows the survival experience of grafts (transplants) in patients transplanted by this program. Table 11 shows the survival experience of these patients themselves. These may be different because a patient may continue survival after a graft fails through means such as a new transplant, or, for kidney patients, dialysis. For each outcome, these tables show an actual (observed) survival for the program, an actual (observed) survival for the nation, and an expected survival for the program. Each survival number measures the percentage of patients who have a functioning graft (Table 10) or who are alive (Table 11) at 1 month, 1 year, and 3 years after transplant.

The expected survival rate for a given program is the percentage of grafts functioning (or patients alive) that would be expected for the patients served by this program, given their characteristics (age, disease, blood type, etc.) and the experience of similar patients in the entire country. At this program, the expected one-year patient survival rate of 97.73 may be different from the national average of 96.90 if patients transplanted at this program have characteristics that would make us expect a different survival rate than the average.

At Banner Good Samaritan Medical Center (AZGS), 99.62 percent of adult patients were alive one year after transplant, compared to the 97.73 percent that would be expected based on the characteristics of these patients. Moreover, the p-value of 0.042 indicates that this difference is statistically significant. Similar comparisons may be made for shorter- (1 month) and longer-term (3 year) survival, also in Table 11, as well as for graft survival (Table 10). Further discussion of actual, expected, and national survival rates may be found in the Table Details section below.

Table 1
Waitlist Activity Summary (see Tables 2-6 for details)
Date: 01/01/2008 - 12/31/2009
Center: Banner Good Samaritan Medical Center (AZGS)
Organ: KI: Kidney

Waitlist Registrations	Counts for this center		Activity for 01/01/2009 to 12/31/2009 as percent of registrants on waitlist on 01/01/2009		
	01/01/2008-12/31/2008	01/01/2009-12/31/2009	This Center (%)	OPTN Region (%)	U.S. (%)
On waitlist at start	457	515	100.0	100.0	100.0
Additions					
New listings at this center	232	162	31.5	32.3	42.3
Removals					
Transferred to another center	9	9	1.7	1.8	1.8
Received living donor transplant*	62	45	8.7	5.2	6.5
Received deceased donor transplant*	46	60	11.7	8.2	12.9
Died	17	18	3.5	5.3	5.7
Transplanted at another center	3	5	1.0	1.3	2.5
Deteriorated	19	15	2.9	2.0	2.4
Recovered	0	0	0.0	0.1	0.2
Other Reasons	18	5	1.0	3.8	3.4
On waitlist at end of period	515	520	101.0	104.5	106.8

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* These patients were removed from waitlist with removal code indicating transplant; this may not equal the number of transplants performed at this center during the specified time period.

Based on data available as of 04/30/2010. Release at www.ustransplant.org on 07/13/2010.

Table 2
Characteristics of Waitlist Patients
Patients registered on the waitlist between 01/01/2009 and 12/31/2009
Center: Banner Good Samaritan Medical Center (AZGS)
Organ: KI: Kidney

Characteristic of Waitlist Candidate	Percent of New Waitlist Registrations 01/01/2009 to 12/31/2009			Percent of All Waitlist Registrations on 12/31/2009		
	This Center (N=162)	OPTN Region (N=5,781)	U.S. (N=34,091)	This Center (N=520)	OPTN Region (N=18,714)	U.S. (N=86,071)
All (%)	100	100	100	100	100	100
Ethnicity/Race (%)*						
White	45.7	33.0	46.6	30.2	27.3	38.4
African-American	6.8	11.4	29.2	10.4	14.8	34.7
Hispanic/Latino	34.6	36.3	16.8	36.2	36.5	18.0
Asian	0.6	16.8	6.4	4.4	18.8	7.6
Other	12.3	2.5	1.1	18.8	2.7	1.3
Unknown	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Age (%)						
<2 years	0.0	0.3	0.2	0.0	0.1	0.1
2-11 years	0.0	1.1	0.8	0.0	0.5	0.4
12-17 years	0.0	2.0	1.6	0.0	1.1	0.9
18-34 years	11.7	13.3	12.1	10.2	13.8	13.5
35-49 years	34.6	25.7	27.4	34.6	29.3	30.8
50-64 years	49.4	41.5	41.9	50.2	41.5	41.2
65+ years	4.3	16.2	16.1	5.0	13.5	13.2
Other (includes prenatal)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Gender (%)						
Male	66.0	60.3	60.1	61.9	59.3	58.5
Female	34.0	39.7	39.9	38.1	40.7	41.5
Blood Type (%)						
O	50.0	50.3	48.5	63.5	53.3	52.4
A	35.8	32.3	32.9	23.7	28.6	28.4
B	9.9	13.7	14.7	10.8	15.2	16.4
AB	4.3	3.7	3.9	2.1	2.9	2.9
Unknown	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Previous Transplant (%)						
Yes	14.2	12.0	14.8	13.8	13.2	17.6
No	85.8	88.0	85.2	86.2	86.8	82.4
Unknown	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Peak PRA (%)						
0-9%	77.8	42.8	47.1	81.5	64.8	61.3
10-79%	3.1	8.8	11.3	6.2	12.5	15.2
80+%	0.6	4.6	5.2	6.5	5.8	8.1
Unknown	18.5	43.8	36.4	5.8	16.9	15.4
Primary Disease (%)*						
Glomerular Diseases	17.9	18.5	19.4	20.6	19.9	19.8
Tubular and Interstitial Diseases	3.7	3.1	3.6	1.9	2.6	3.5
Polycystic Kidneys	10.5	6.5	7.6	7.5	5.8	6.7
Congenital, Familial, Metabolic	1.9	2.0	1.8	1.2	1.4	1.5
Diabetes	48.8	36.7	29.9	49.6	35.7	29.4
Renovascular & Vascular Diseases	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Neoplasms	0.0	0.3	0.4	0.0	0.2	0.3
Hypertensive Nephrosclerosis	15.4	18.6	24.1	16.0	21.2	25.5
Other	1.9	13.6	12.5	2.7	11.8	12.2
Missing *	0.0	0.6	0.5	0.4	1.2	0.9

The data reported here were prepared by the Scientific Registry of Transplant Recipients (SRTR) under contract with the Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA). Percents add to 100% for each Categorization. N=number.

* Race and ethnicity are reported together as a single data element, reflecting their data collection (either race or ethnicity is required, but not both). Patients formerly coded as white and Hispanic are coded as Hispanic. Race and ethnicity sum to 100 percent.

* When "retransplant" is indicated, the primary disease is passed forward from the prior transplant in order to indicate the initial primary disease causing organ failure. "Missing" may include some patients for whom retransplant is indicated but no prior diagnosis can be found.

Based on data available as of 04/30/2010. Release at www.ustransplant.org on 07/13/2010.

Table 3
Transplant and Mortality Rates For Patients After Being Placed on the Waitlist
Patients on the waitlist between 01/01/2008 and 12/31/2009
Center: Banner Good Samaritan Medical Center (AZGS)
Organ: KI: Kidney

Waitlist Registrations	This Center		Geographic Summaries, 01/01/2009-12/31/2009		
	01/01/2008- 12/31/2008	01/01/2009- 12/31/2009	OPO/DSA	Region	U.S.
Sample					
Count on waitlist at start *	457	515	1,226	17,868	80,185
Transplant Rate					
Person Years **	497.9	532.4	1,283.4	18,168.6	82,317.0
Living and Deceased Donors					
Removals for transplant	108	105	377	2,414	15,652
Transplant rate (per year on waitlist)	0.22	0.20	0.29	0.13	0.19
Expected Transplant Rate ***	0.20	0.18	0.19	0.19	0.19
Ratio of Observed to Expected Transplants	1.11	1.07	1.52	0.69	1.00
95% Confidence Interval: Lower Bound [†]	0.91	0.87	NA	NA	NA
Upper Bound [†]	1.34	1.29	NA	NA	NA
p-value (2-sided) ^{††}	0.317	0.532	NA	NA	NA
How do the rates at this center compare to those in the nation?	Not Significantly Different (a)	Not Significantly Different (a)	NA	NA	NA
Deceased Donors Only					
Removals for transplant	46	60	182	1,477	10,384
Transplant rate (per year on waitlist)	0.09	0.11	0.14	0.08	0.13
Expected Transplant Rate ***	0.13	0.12	0.12	0.13	0.13
Ratio of Observed to Expected Transplants	0.74	0.94	1.16	0.61	1.00
95% Confidence Interval: Lower Bound [†]	0.54	0.72	NA	NA	NA
Upper Bound [†]	0.98	1.21	NA	NA	NA
p-value (2-sided) ^{††}	0.036	0.704	NA	NA	NA
How do the rates at this center compare to those in the nation?	Statistically Lower (b)	Not Significantly Different (a)	NA	NA	NA
Mortality rate after being placed on waitlist					
Person Years ****	514.5	541.8	1,312.2	18,651.6	84,498.0
Number of deaths	18	21	63	1,120	5,396
Death rate (per year on waitlist)	0.03	0.04	0.05	0.06	0.06
Expected Death Rate *****	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06
Ratio of Observed to Expected Deaths	0.59	0.61	0.75	0.94	1.00
95% Confidence Interval: Lower Bound [†]	0.35	0.38	NA	NA	NA
Upper Bound [†]	0.93	0.93	NA	NA	NA
p-value (2-sided) ^{††}	0.020	0.020	NA	NA	NA
How do the rates at this center compare to those in the nation?	Statistically Lower (b)	Statistically Lower (b)	NA	NA	NA

The data reported here were prepared by the Scientific Registry of Transplant Recipients (SRTR) under contract with the Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA). NA=Not Applicable.

[†] The 95% confidence interval gives a range of values for the true ratio of events (transplants or deaths) at the facility to those expected based on the national experience. The true ratio will be between this lower and upper bound 95% of the time.

^{††} A p-value gives the probability that a difference between observed and expected is due to random chance. A p-value of <.05 is usually considered statistically significant.

(a) This difference could plausibly be just a chance occurrence.

(b) This difference is unlikely due to random chance and probably represents a real difference from the expected rate.

* Counts in this table may be lower than similar counts in other waiting list tables, such as Table 1. A small percentage (~1%) of patients are found to have died or been transplanted before being removed from the waiting list, so these patients are excluded if the event occurs prior to the start of the study period. Inactive time on the waiting list is included in calculations for this table.

** Person years are calculated as days (converted to fractional years). The number of days from January 1 or from the date of first wait listing until death, transplant, removal from the waiting list or December 31.

*** The expected transplant rate is adjusted for age, blood type, previous transplantation, time on the waiting list, peak PRA, and the interaction between previous transplantation and peak PRA.

**** Person years are calculated as days (converted to fractional years). The number of days from January 1 or from the date of first wait listing until death, transplant, 60 days after recovery, transfer or December 31.

***** The expected mortality rate is adjusted for age, race, ethnicity, gender, primary diagnosis, time on the waiting list, and blood type.

Based on data available as of 04/30/2010. Release at www.ustransplant.org on 07/13/2010.

Table 3A

Organ Acceptance Rates Among Organs Actually Accepted and Transplanted

Within The First 50 Candidates or 3 Centers

Organs offered between 01/01/2009 and 12/31/2009

Center: Banner Good Samaritan Medical Center (AZGS)

Organ: KI: Kidney

The implementation of DonorNet2007 has changed the nature of the underlying data and is likely to result in marked changes in the calculation of these statistics moving forward. Both the OPTN and the SRTR are working to analyze this new stream of data to determine which statistics are most appropriate and how to best derive them. Until the OPTN and SRTR are able to complete further examination of these new data, the SRTR will not be publishing organ acceptance rate statistics in the Program-Specific Reports. Once we are confident that we have addressed the impact of the changes in data collection, we will move forward with making these statistics available once again.

Table 4
Waitlist Activity and Patient Vital Status at 6, 12, and 18 Months Since Waitlisting
Patients placed on waitlist between 07/01/2007 and 06/30/2008
Center: Banner Good Samaritan Medical Center (AZGS)
Organ: KI: Kidney

Waitlist status (survival status)	This Center (N=292)			United States (N=32,984)		
	Months Since Waitlisting [†]			Months Since Waitlisting [†]		
	6	12	18	6	12	18
Alive on waitlist (%)	84.2	72.9	68.2	81.8	69.6	59.6
Died on the waitlist without transplant (%)	0.7	2.1	2.4	1.8	3.3	4.9
Removed without transplant: (%)						
Condition worsened (status unknown)	0.0	0.0	0.7	0.4	0.9	1.5
Condition improved (status unknown)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.3
Refused transplant (status unknown)	0.0	0.3	0.3	0.0	0.1	0.2
Other	1.0	2.1	3.1	1.1	1.8	2.4
Transplant (living donor from waitlist only): (%)						
Functioning (alive)	11.0	16.4	11.3	6.2	9.5	7.6
Failed-Retransplanted (alive)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Failed-alive not retransplanted	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Died	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.2
Status Yet Unknown *	0.0	0.3	6.8	0.1	0.5	4.1
Transplant (deceased donor): (%)						
Functioning (alive)	3.1	4.1	2.7	6.5	9.7	9.6
Failed-Retransplanted (alive)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Failed-alive not retransplanted	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1
Died	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.2	0.4	0.6
Status Yet Unknown *	0.0	0.7	2.4	1.1	2.6	7.0
Lost or Transferred (status unknown) (%)	0.0	1.0	1.7	0.5	1.2	1.9
TOTAL (%)	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Total % known died on waitlist or after transplant	0.7	2.1	2.7	2.0	3.8	5.6
Total % known died or removed as unstable	0.7	2.1	3.4	2.4	4.6	7.1
Total % removed for transplant	14.0	21.6	23.6	14.2	22.8	29.2
Total % with known functioning transplant (alive)	14.0	20.5	14.0	12.7	19.1	17.2

The data reported here were prepared by the Scientific Registry of Transplant Recipients (SRTR) under contract with the Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA).

[†]Percents for top section add to 100% for each column. N=number.

* Follow-up form covering specified time period not yet completed, and possibly has not become due.

NOTE: All patients (100%) are alive on the waitlist at month 0 since waitlisting and move to other categories as time progresses.

Based on data available as of 04/30/2010. Release at www.ustransplant.org on 07/13/2010.

Table 5
Percent Transplanted for Waitlist Patients (excludes recipients of transplants from living donors *)
Patients placed on waitlist at this center between 01/01/2004 and 12/31/2006
Center: Banner Good Samaritan Medical Center (AZGS)
Organ: KI: Kidney

Characteristic	Percent transplanted at time periods since waitlisting									
	This Center					United States				
	N	30 day	1 year	2 years	3 years	N	30 day	1 year	2 years	3 years
All	386	1.0	12.4	19.4	30.3	75,835	2.3	14.2	23.7	30.6
Ethnicity/Race *										
White	145	1.4	17.9	29.0	40.7	33,933	3.0	18.2	28.9	35.8
African-American	39	0.0	10.3	10.3	23.1	23,305	1.7	11.0	19.7	26.8
Hispanic/Latino	119	0.8	11.8	17.6	28.6	11,984	2.0	11.8	20.5	26.9
Asian	18	0.0	5.6	16.7	27.8	5,530	1.3	9.3	17.0	23.1
Other	65	1.5	4.6	7.7	15.4	1,083	1.5	12.7	21.6	29.5
Unknown	0	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-
Age										
<2 years	0	-	-	-	-	109	8.3	52.3	67.0	72.5
2-11 years	0	-	-	-	-	652	10.9	52.3	68.9	75.0
12-17 years	4	25.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	1,312	9.5	50.8	67.7	73.4
18-34 years	50	4.0	18.0	22.0	38.0	9,166	1.7	11.7	21.4	29.0
35-49 years	105	0.0	11.4	19.0	30.5	21,834	1.8	12.0	21.1	28.2
50-64 years	198	0.5	11.1	18.2	28.3	31,750	2.3	13.6	22.9	29.8
65+ years	29	0.0	6.9	17.2	24.1	11,012	2.2	15.5	25.2	31.0
Other (includes prenatal)	0	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-
Gender										
Male	221	1.8	14.0	20.4	29.9	45,393	2.4	14.6	24.4	31.6
Female	165	0.0	10.3	18.2	30.9	30,442	2.2	13.6	22.7	29.2
Blood Type										
O	200	1.0	8.0	11.0	16.0	37,333	1.9	11.2	19.1	25.8
A	123	1.6	20.3	32.5	56.9	24,456	3.0	18.8	31.0	38.7
B	55	0.0	9.1	16.4	20.0	11,064	1.4	10.3	17.8	23.8
AB	8	0.0	25.0	50.0	50.0	2,982	4.7	30.1	44.3	50.7
Previous Transplant										
Yes	47	0.0	14.9	19.1	27.7	12,734	2.3	13.4	21.1	26.1
No	339	1.2	12.1	19.5	30.7	63,101	2.3	14.4	24.3	31.5
Peak PRA										
0-9%	298	1.3	11.7	18.5	29.9	56,649	1.8	14.0	24.3	31.9
10-79%	52	0.0	11.5	19.2	30.8	10,813	1.2	11.7	19.9	26.4
80+%	36	0.0	19.4	27.8	33.3	5,000	1.4	11.6	17.8	21.1
Unknown	0	-	-	-	-	3,373	15.1	30.9	35.1	36.9
Primary Disease **										
Glomerular Diseases	84	2.4	9.5	19.0	34.5	14,781	2.2	16.0	26.1	33.4
Tubular and Interstitial Diseases	15	0.0	20.0	20.0	26.7	3,057	3.3	18.7	29.5	36.3
Polycystic Kidneys	22	0.0	22.7	36.4	45.5	5,054	2.0	16.8	29.2	38.7
Congenital, Familial, Metabolic	8	0.0	50.0	50.0	62.5	1,248	3.9	27.6	41.7	49.0
Diabetes	177	0.6	10.2	14.7	25.4	22,663	1.4	10.7	18.7	24.5
Renovascular & Vascular Diseases	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	190	1.1	18.4	28.9	34.2
Neoplasms	0	-	-	-	-	240	2.5	17.9	27.9	34.2
Hypertensive Nephrosclerosis	62	1.6	14.5	24.2	32.3	17,591	1.5	11.9	22.0	29.5
Other	16	0.0	6.3	18.8	25.0	10,257	5.4	19.6	28.4	34.6
Missing **	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	754	2.0	8.9	15.6	19.9

The data reported here were prepared by the Scientific Registry of Transplant Recipients (SRTR) under contract with the Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA).

* Patients removed from waitlist with removal code indicating transplant from a living donor were excluded from this analysis.

Note: Population totals equal for each characteristic.

* Race and ethnicity are reported together as a single data element, reflecting their data collection (either race or ethnicity is required, but not both). Patients formerly coded as white and Hispanic are coded as Hispanic. Race and ethnicity sum to 100 percent.

** When "retransplant" is indicated, the primary disease is passed forward from the prior transplant in order to indicate the initial primary disease causing organ failure. "Missing" may include some patients for whom retransplant is indicated but no prior diagnosis can be found.

Based on data available as of 04/30/2010. Release at www.ustransplant.org on 07/13/2010.

Table 6
Time to Transplant for Waitlist Patients**
Patients registered on the waitlist between 01/01/2004 and 06/30/2009
Center: Banner Good Samaritan Medical Center (AZGS)
Organ: KI: Kidney

Percentile	Months to Transplant*			
	Center	OPO/DSA	Region	U.S.
5th	1.4	1.0	3.0	1.8
10th	2.9	2.1	6.2	3.7
25th	9.8	6.7	22.9	12.4
50th (median time to transplant)	45.3	29.0	>72	46.7
75th	>72	>72	>72	>72

* Censored on 12/31/2009; Calculated as the months after waitlisting, during which the corresponding percent of all patients initially waitlisted had received a transplant.

** If cells contain ">72" fewer than that percentile of patients had received a transplant.

Note: Includes deceased and living donor transplants at any center.

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Based on data available as of 04/30/2010. Release at www.ustransplant.org on 07/13/2010.

Table 7
Transplant Recipient Characteristics, Deceased Donor Transplants
Patients transplanted between 01/01/2009 and 12/31/2009
Center: Banner Good Samaritan Medical Center (AZGS)
Organ: KI: Kidney

Characteristic	Percentage in each category		
	Center (N=60)	Region (N=1,484)	U.S. (N=10,442)
Ethnicity/Race (%) *			
White	28.3	32.4	45.6
African-American	10.0	10.2	32.4
Hispanic/Latino	38.3	38.1	14.7
Asian	5.0	15.1	5.9
Other	18.3	4.2	1.5
Unknown	0.0	0.0	0.0
Age (%)			
<2 years	0.0	0.3	0.2
2-11 years	0.0	2.3	1.8
12-17 years	0.0	4.9	3.1
18-34 years	6.7	10.8	9.6
35-49 years	33.3	23.6	25.3
50-64 years	45.0	39.2	41.8
65+ years	15.0	19.0	18.2
Unknown	0.0	0.0	0.0
Gender (%)			
Male	48.3	57.5	59.9
Female	51.7	42.5	40.1
Blood Type (%)			
O	48.3	50.3	45.3
A	36.7	33.8	36.5
B	13.3	11.0	12.9
AB	1.7	4.9	5.3
Previous Transplant (%)			
Yes	6.7	13.7	14.5
No	93.3	86.3	85.5
Peak PRA Prior to Transplant (%)			
0-9%	58.3	57.5	55.5
10-79%	28.3	26.2	27.5
80+ %	13.3	15.2	16.1
Unknown	0.0	1.0	0.9
Body Mass Index (%)			
0-20	0.0	14.9	11.3
21-25	18.3	33.2	27.5
26-30	38.3	28.8	29.5
31+	16.7	18.9	25.3
Unknown	26.7	4.2	6.3
Primary Disease (%) *			
Glomerular Diseases	20.0	24.4	22.1
Tubular and Interstitial Disease	5.0	5.0	4.8
Polycystic Kidneys	6.7	6.5	8.4
Congenital, Familial, Metabolic	0.0	3.6	2.9
Diabetes	46.7	28.4	24.7
Renovascular & Vascular Diseases	0.0	0.1	0.2
Neoplasms	0.0	0.3	0.4
Hypertensive Nephrosclerosis	20.0	18.5	27.0
Other Kidney	1.7	12.3	9.0
Missing *	0.0	0.9	0.5
Recipient Medical Condition at Transplant (%)			
Not Hospitalized	96.7	97.2	97.2
Hospitalized	1.7	1.7	1.9
ICU	1.7	1.1	0.7
Unknown	0.0	0.0	0.2

The data reported here were prepared by the Scientific Registry of Transplant Recipients (SRTR) under contract with the Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA).

Note: Percentages add to 100% for each characteristic. N=Number.

* Race and ethnicity are reported together as a single data element, reflecting their data collection (either race or ethnicity is required, but not both). Patients formerly coded as white and Hispanic are coded as Hispanic. Race and ethnicity sum to 100 percent.

* When "retransplant" is indicated, the primary disease is passed forward from the prior transplant in order to indicate the initial primary disease causing organ failure. "Missing" may include some patients for whom retransplant is indicated but no prior diagnosis can be found.

Based on data available as of 04/30/2010. Release at www.ustransplant.org on 07/13/2010.

Table 7
Transplant Recipient Characteristics, Living Donor Transplants
Patients transplanted between 01/01/2009 and 12/31/2009
Center: Banner Good Samaritan Medical Center (AZGS)
Organ: KI: Kidney

Characteristic	Percentage in each category		
	Center (N=53)	Region (N=1,022)	U.S. (N=6,388)
Ethnicity/Race (%) *			
White	60.4	52.5	66.3
African-American	5.7	6.3	13.7
Hispanic/Latino	26.4	29.4	14.7
Asian	1.9	10.1	4.4
Other	5.7	1.8	0.9
Unknown	0.0	0.0	0.0
Age (%)			
<2 years	0.0	0.4	0.3
2-11 years	0.0	2.0	2.2
12-17 years	0.0	3.5	2.8
18-34 years	26.4	21.9	18.9
35-49 years	37.7	31.2	29.7
50-64 years	26.4	30.4	34.3
65+ years	9.4	10.6	11.8
Unknown	0.0	0.0	0.0
Gender (%)			
Male	64.2	58.7	60.9
Female	35.8	41.3	39.1
Blood Type (%)			
O	41.5	47.1	45.0
A	34.0	36.9	37.9
B	18.9	12.2	13.2
AB	5.7	3.8	3.8
Previous Transplant (%)			
Yes	5.7	10.8	12.3
No	94.3	89.2	87.7
Peak PRA Prior to Transplant (%)			
0-9%	86.8	71.3	69.5
10-79%	11.3	20.4	21.9
80+ %	1.9	6.8	5.8
Unknown	0.0	1.5	2.7
Body Mass Index (%)			
0-20	5.7	15.8	12.8
21-25	15.1	32.9	29.6
26-30	28.3	27.1	27.8
31+	15.1	20.5	23.5
Unknown	35.8	3.8	6.3
Primary Disease (%) *			
Glomerular Diseases	24.5	33.2	29.7
Tubular and Interstitial Disease	5.7	4.6	5.5
Polycystic Kidneys	13.2	11.4	11.0
Congenital, Familial, Metabolic	3.8	5.1	4.4
Diabetes	35.8	20.6	20.9
Renovascular & Vascular Diseases	0.0	0.5	0.3
Neoplasms	0.0	0.3	0.4
Hypertensive Nephrosclerosis	17.0	13.3	18.8
Other Kidney	0.0	10.6	8.6
Missing *	0.0	0.5	0.5
Recipient Medical Condition at Transplant (%)			
Not Hospitalized	100.0	99.4	97.8
Hospitalized	0.0	0.5	1.7
ICU	0.0	0.1	0.1
Unknown	0.0	0.0	0.4

The data reported here were prepared by the Scientific Registry of Transplant Recipients (SRTR) under contract with the Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA).

Note: Percentages add to 100% for each characteristic. N=Number.

* Race and ethnicity are reported together as a single data element, reflecting their data collection (either race or ethnicity is required, but not both). Patients formerly coded as white and Hispanic are coded as Hispanic. Race and ethnicity sum to 100 percent.

* When "retransplant" is indicated, the primary disease is passed forward from the prior transplant in order to indicate the initial primary disease causing organ failure. "Missing" may include some patients for whom retransplant is indicated but no prior diagnosis can be found. Based on data available as of 04/30/2010. Release at www.ustransplant.org on 07/13/2010.

Table 8
Donor Characteristics, Deceased Donor Transplants
Transplants performed between 01/01/2009 and 12/31/2009
Center: Banner Good Samaritan Medical Center (AZGS)
Organ: KI: Kidney

Donor Characteristic	Percentage in each category		
	Center 100% (N=60)	Region 100% (N=1,484)	U.S. 100% (N=10,442)
Cause of Death (%)			
Deceased: Stroke	35.0	34.1	39.1
Deceased: MVA	21.7	18.0	17.2
Deceased: Other	43.3	47.9	43.7
Ethnicity/Race (%) *			
White	65.0	52.2	68.2
African-American	11.7	7.7	14.2
Hispanic/Latino	21.7	33.3	14.5
Asian	0.0	6.1	2.6
Other	1.7	0.6	0.6
Not Reported	0.0	0.0	0.0
Age (%)			
<2 years	0.0	2.0	1.4
2-11 years	3.3	5.1	4.2
12-17 years	1.7	6.3	5.9
18-34 years	36.7	32.1	29.0
35-49 years	36.7	29.2	29.3
50-64 years	21.7	22.8	26.7
65+ years	0.0	2.4	3.6
Unknown	0.0	0.0	0.0
Gender (%)			
Male	55.0	61.3	60.3
Female	45.0	38.7	39.7
Blood Type (%)			
O	51.7	53.4	47.4
A	36.7	33.9	37.6
B	10.0	9.9	11.9
AB	1.7	2.8	3.1
Unknown	0.0	0.0	0.0
Expanded Criteria Donor (%)			
Yes	6.7	14.0	17.5
No	93.3	86.0	82.5

The data reported here were prepared by the Scientific Registry of Transplant Recipients (SRTR) under contract with the Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA).

Note: Percentages add to 100% for each characteristic. N=Number.

* Race and ethnicity are reported together as a single data element, reflecting their data collection (either race or ethnicity is required, but not both). Patients formerly coded as white and Hispanic are coded as Hispanic. Race and ethnicity sum to 100 percent.

Based on data available as of 04/30/2010. Release at www.ustransplant.org on 07/13/2010.

Table 8
Donor Characteristics, Living Donor Transplants
Transplants performed between 01/01/2009 and 12/31/2009
Center: Banner Good Samaritan Medical Center (AZGS)
Organ: KI: Kidney

Donor Characteristic	Percentage in each category		
	Center 100% (N=53)	Region 100% (N=1,022)	U.S. 100% (N=6,388)
Ethnicity/Race (%)⁺			
White	67.9	56.5	69.3
African-American	5.7	5.2	11.6
Hispanic/Latino	20.8	27.4	14.4
Asian	0.0	9.2	3.8
Other	5.7	1.8	0.9
Not Reported	0.0	0.0	0.0
Age (%)			
0-11 years	0.0	0.0	0.0
12-17 years	0.0	0.1	0.0
18-34 years	39.6	32.6	30.3
35-49 years	39.6	42.4	43.0
50-64 years	20.8	23.3	25.0
65+ years	0.0	1.7	1.7
Unknown	0.0	0.0	0.0
Gender (%)			
Male	45.3	42.5	39.4
Female	54.7	57.5	60.6
Blood Type (%)			
O	58.5	63.9	65.7
A	28.3	27.3	25.6
B	13.2	8.0	7.8
AB	0.0	0.8	0.9
Unknown	0.0	0.0	0.0

The data reported here were prepared by the Scientific Registry of Transplant Recipients (SRTR) under contract with the Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA).

Note: Percentages add to 100% for each characteristic. N=Number.

⁺ Race and ethnicity are reported together as a single data element, reflecting their data collection (either race or ethnicity is required, but not both). Patients formerly coded as white and Hispanic are coded as Hispanic. Race and ethnicity sum to 100 percent.

Based on data available as of 04/30/2010. Release at www.ustransplant.org on 07/13/2010.

Table 9
Transplant Operation Characteristics, Deceased Donor Transplants
Transplants performed between 01/01/2009 and 12/31/2009
Center: Banner Good Samaritan Medical Center (AZGS)
Organ: KI: Kidney

	Percentage in each category (except where noted)		
	Center 100% (N=60)	Region 100% (N=1,484)	U.S. 100% (N=10,442)
Cold Ischemic Time (Hours): Local (%)			
Deceased: 0-11	58.3	46.6	33.5
Deceased: 12-21	31.3	40.1	44.8
Deceased: 22-31	6.3	8.3	12.7
Deceased: 32-41	4.2	1.4	1.6
Deceased: 42+	0.0	0.2	1.6
Not Reported	0.0	3.5	5.8
Cold Ischemic Time (Hours): Shared (%)			
Deceased: 0-11	25.0	8.4	6.1
Deceased: 12-21	50.0	45.3	32.5
Deceased: 22-31	25.0	39.9	40.1
Deceased: 32-41	0.0	3.3	12.3
Deceased: 42+	0.0	0.0	4.7
Not Reported	0.0	3.0	4.2
Level of Mismatch (%)			
A Locus Mismatches (%)			
0	21.7	17.0	13.8
1	35.0	36.3	37.2
2	43.3	46.2	48.4
Not Reported	0.0	0.5	0.7
B Locus Mismatches (%)			
0	15.0	12.7	9.9
1	16.7	19.9	24.1
2	68.3	66.9	65.3
Not Reported	0.0	0.5	0.7
DR Locus Mismatches (%)			
0	25.0	18.9	18.2
1	53.3	41.7	45.0
2	21.7	38.9	36.1
Not Reported	0.0	0.5	0.7
Total Mismatches (%)			
0	11.7	10.4	7.7
1	3.3	0.7	0.9
2	6.7	3.2	4.0
3	8.3	11.2	12.9
4	26.7	25.6	26.7
5	36.7	31.3	31.6
6	6.7	17.0	15.6
Not Reported	0.0	0.5	0.7
Procedure Type (%)			
ORGAN Alone	95.0	94.5	95.9
ORGAN and OTHER ORGAN	5.0	5.5	4.1
Dialysis in First Week After Transplant (%)			
Yes	18.3	27.0	23.8
No	81.7	73.0	76.0
Not Reported	0.0	0.0	0.2
Sharing (%)			
Local	80.0	77.6	78.2
Shared	20.0	22.4	21.8
Median Time in Hospital After Transplant *	5.0 Days	5.0 Days	6.0 Days

The data reported here were prepared by the Scientific Registry of Transplant Recipients (SRTR) under contract with the Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA).

Note: Percentages add to 100% for each characteristic. N=Number.

* Multiple organ transplants are excluded from this statistic.

Based on data available as of 04/30/2010. Release at www.ustransplant.org on 07/13/2010.

Table 9
Transplant Operation Characteristics, Living Donor Transplants
Transplants performed between 01/01/2009 and 12/31/2009
Center: Banner Good Samaritan Medical Center (AZGS)
Organ: KI: Kidney

	Percentage in each category (except where noted)		
	Center 100% (N=53)	Region 100% (N=1,022)	U.S. 100% (N=6,388)
Relation with Donor (%)			
Related	64.2	59.1	56.9
Unrelated	35.8	40.9	42.6
Not Reported	0.0	0.0	0.5
Level of Mismatch (%)			
A Locus Mismatches (%)			
0	34.0	23.4	21.9
1	39.6	53.9	52.5
2	24.5	21.7	24.0
Not Reported	1.9	1.0	1.6
B Locus Mismatches (%)			
0	22.6	15.2	14.0
1	35.8	48.7	49.4
2	39.6	35.1	35.0
Not Reported	1.9	1.0	1.6
DR Locus Mismatches (%)			
0	22.6	20.0	19.6
1	45.3	55.6	53.7
2	30.2	23.5	25.1
Not Reported	1.9	1.0	1.6
Total Mismatches (%)			
0	13.2	8.1	7.6
1	3.8	5.4	4.9
2	28.3	17.9	16.8
3	11.3	26.1	27.0
4	9.4	16.4	15.4
5	15.1	16.7	17.6
6	17.0	8.3	9.1
Not Reported	1.9	1.0	1.6
Procedure Type (%)			
ORGAN Alone	100.0	99.9	99.9
ORGAN and OTHER ORGAN	0.0	0.1	0.1
Dialysis in First Week After Transplant (%)			
Yes	1.9	4.2	3.9
No	98.1	95.8	95.7
Not Reported	0.0	0.0	0.4
Median Time in Hospital After Transplant †			
	4.0 Days	5.0 Days	5.0 Days

The data reported here were prepared by the Scientific Registry of Transplant Recipients (SRTR) under contract with the Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA).

Note: Percentages add to 100% for each characteristic. N=Number.

* Multiple organ transplants are excluded from this statistic.

Based on data available as of 04/30/2010. Release at www.ustransplant.org on 07/13/2010.

Table 10
Graft Survival by Age at Transplant and by Time since Transplant
For Patients Transplanted between 01/01/2007 and 06/30/2009 for the 1 Month and 1 Year Models; between 07/01/2004 and 12/31/2006 for the 3 Year Model
Center: Banner Good Samaritan Medical Center (AZGS)
Organ: KI: Kidney (Single-Organ Transplants Only)
Note: Deaths and retransplants are counted as graft failures

	Graft Survival by Time since Transplant					
	This Center			United States		
	1 Month	1 Year	3 Years	1 Month	1 Year	3 Years
Adult (Age ≥ 18)						
Transplants (n=number) ¹	285	285	260	38,432	38,432	38,568
Percent (%) of Grafts Surviving at End of Period						
Observed at this Center ²	99.30	98.89	90.00	97.54	93.47	84.28
Expected, based on national experience ³	98.20	95.34	88.12			
Graft Failures During Follow-up Period						
Observed at this center	2	3	26	946	2,364	6,064
Expected, based on national experience ⁴	5.18	13.17	30.87	946	2,364	6,064
Ratio: Observed to Expected (O/E)	0.39	0.23	0.84	1.00	1.00	1.00
(95% Confidence Interval) ⁵	(0.05-1.39)	(0.05-0.67)	(0.55-1.23)			
P-value (2-sided), observed v. expected ⁶	0.220	<0.01	0.438			
How does this center's survival compare to what is expected for similar patients?	Not Significantly Different (a)	Statistically Higher (b)	Not Significantly Different (a)			
Follow-up days reported by center (%) ⁷	100.0	99.0	97.3	99.8	97.1	95.0
Maximum Days of Follow-up (n)	30	365	1,095	30	365	1,095
Pediatric (Age < 18)						
Transplants (n) ¹	2	2	5	1,949	1,949	2,168
Percent (%) of Grafts Surviving at End of Period						
Observed at this Center ²	100.00	100.00	80.00	97.59	95.04	84.46
Expected, based on national experience ³	98.64	96.94	80.15			
Graft Failures During Follow-up Period						
Observed at this center	0	0	1	47	90	337
Expected, based on national experience ⁴	0.03	0.06	1.03	47	90	337
Ratio: Observed to Expected (O/E)	0.00	0.00	0.97	1.00	1.00	1.00
(95% Confidence Interval) ⁵	(0.00-135.01)	(0.00-59.25)	(0.02-5.41)			
P-value (2-sided), observed v. expected ⁶	0.999	0.999	0.999			
How does this center's survival compare to what is expected for similar patients?	Not Significantly Different (a)	Not Significantly Different (a)	Not Significantly Different (a)			
Follow-up days reported by center (%) ⁷	100.0	100.0	98.4	99.6	96.7	94.7
Maximum Days of Follow-up (n)	30	365	1,095	30	365	1,095
Transplant Time Period	01/01/2007-06/30/2009	01/01/2007-06/30/2009	07/01/2004-12/31/2006	01/01/2007-06/30/2009	01/01/2007-06/30/2009	07/01/2004-12/31/2006

The data reported here were prepared by the Scientific Registry of Transplant Recipients (SRTR) under contract with the Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA).
 NA=Not Applicable.

¹ Transplants of this organ during the time period indicated in the last row of the table.

² Observed graft survival rates use the Kaplan-Meier method to estimate outcomes for patients for whom complete follow-up is not expected; see Analytic Methods for more details. This statistic represents graft failure rates among patients still being followed by the facility. If the followup percent is low, this statistic may not be representative of outcomes for all patients at this facility. Because different cohorts are followed for each time period, it is possible for reported 3-year survival to exceed 1-year survival.

³ The graft survival rate that would be expected for the patients served by this center, given the characteristic mix of the recipient and donor (age, disease, blood type, etc.) and the experience of similar patients in the entire country. See the Analytic Methods for a description of adjustment and complete list of adjustment factors.

⁴ The number of graft failures that would be expected during the follow-up time, as described in footnote 3. Unlike the expected survival percent, the expected count of graft failures reflects the expected number of graft failures only during the time the patient is alive with a functioning graft and actually followed; therefore, it accounts for differences in the time that elapses from transplant until graft failure.

⁵ The 95% confidence interval gives a range of values for the true ratio of failures at the facility to those expected based on the national experience. The true ratio will be between this lower and upper bound 95% of the time.

⁶ A p-value less than or equal to 0.05 indicates that the difference between the actual and expected graft survival is probably real and is not due to random chance, while a p-value greater than 0.05 indicates that the difference could possibly be due to random chance.

(a) This difference could plausibly be just a chance occurrence.

(b) This difference is unlikely due to random chance and probably represents a real difference from the expected survival.

⁷ Of days expected to be included in the follow-up period, the percentage of days covered by follow-up reporting by this center for these transplants. This measures the possibility that events such as failure have occurred without being reported, and it is not a measure of compliance.

Table 10
Graft Survival by Donor Type by Age at Transplant and by Time since Transplant
For Patients Transplanted between 01/01/2007 and 06/30/2009 for the 1 Month and 1 Year Models; between 07/01/2004 and 12/31/2006 for the 3 Year Model
Center: Banner Good Samaritan Medical Center (ZGS)
Organ: Kidney (Single-Organ Transplants Only)
Note: Deaths and retransplants are counted as graft failures

	Graft Survival by Time since Transplant					
	This Center			United States		
	1 Month	1 Year	3 Years	1 Month	1 Year	3 Years
Deceased Donor						
Adult (Age ≥ 18)						
Transplants (n=number) ¹	126	126	125	24,077	24,077	23,137
Percent (%) of Grafts Surviving at End of Period						
Observed at this Center ²	99.21	98.25	87.20	96.97	91.64	80.55
Expected, based on national experience ³	97.58	93.25	84.92			
Graft Failures During Follow-up Period						
Observed at this center	1	2	16	729	1,898	4,501
Expected, based on national experience ⁴	3.10	8.52	18.62	729	1,898	4,501
Ratio: Observed to Expected (O/E)	0.32	0.23	0.88	1.00	1.00	1.00
(95% Confidence Interval) ⁵	(0.01-1.80)	(0.03-0.85)	(0.49-1.40)			
P-value (2-sided), observed v. expected ⁶	0.370	0.018	0.644			
How does this center's survival compare to what is expected for similar patients? ⁷	Not Significantly Different (a)	Statistically Higher (b)	Not Significantly Different (a)			
Follow-up days reported by center (%) ⁷	100.0	98.7	97.9	99.8	97.0	95.0
Maximum Days of Follow-up (n)	30	365	1,095	30	365	1,095
Pediatric (Age < 18)						
Transplants (n)	2	2	3	1,196	1,196	1,216
Percent (%) of Grafts Surviving at End of Period						
Observed at this Center ²	100.00	100.00	100.00	97.32	94.06	81.00
Expected, based on national experience ³	98.64	96.94	76.64			
Graft Failures During Follow-up Period						
Observed at this center	0	0	0	32	66	231
Expected, based on national experience ⁴	0.03	0.06	0.80	32	66	231
Ratio: Observed to Expected (O/E)	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
(95% Confidence Interval) ⁵	(0.00-135.01)	(0.00-59.25)	(0.00-4.82)			
P-value (2-sided), observed v. expected ⁶	0.999	0.999	0.889			
How does this center's survival compare to what is expected for similar patients? ⁷	Not Significantly Different (a)	Not Significantly Different (a)	Not Significantly Different (a)			
Follow-up days reported by center (%) ⁷	100.0	100.0	97.6	99.6	96.9	94.0
Maximum Days of Follow-up (n)	30	365	1,095	30	365	1,095
Living Donor						
Adult (Age ≥ 18)						
Transplants (n)	159	159	135	14,355	14,355	15,431
Percent (%) of Grafts Surviving at End of Period						
Observed at this Center ²	99.37	99.37	92.59	98.49	96.55	89.87
Expected, based on national experience ³	98.69	96.99	91.09			
Graft Failures During Follow-up Period						
Observed at this center	1	1	10	217	466	1,563
Expected, based on national experience ⁴	2.08	4.65	12.25	217	466	1,563
Ratio: Observed to Expected (O/E)	0.48	0.22	0.82	1.00	1.00	1.00
(95% Confidence Interval) ⁵	(0.01-2.67)	(0.01-1.20)	(0.39-1.50)			
P-value (2-sided), observed v. expected ⁶	0.767	0.108	0.644			
How does this center's survival compare to what is expected for similar patients? ⁷	Not Significantly Different (a)	Not Significantly Different (a)	Not Significantly Different (a)			
Follow-up days reported by center (%) ⁷	100.0	99.3	96.8	99.8	97.3	95.1
Maximum Days of Follow-up (n)	30	365	1,095	30	365	1,095
Pediatric (Age < 18)						
Transplants (n) ¹	-	-	2	753	753	952
Percent (%) of Grafts Surviving at End of Period						
Observed at this Center ²	-	-	50.00	98.01	96.59	88.87
Expected, based on national experience ³	-	-	85.40			
Graft Failures During Follow-up Period						
Observed at this center	-	-	1	15	24	106
Expected, based on national experience ⁴	-	-	0.23	-	-	106
Ratio: Observed to Expected (O/E)	-	-	4.33	1.00	1.00	1.00
(95% Confidence Interval) ⁵	(--)	(--)	(0.11-24.12)			
P-value (2-sided), observed v. expected ⁶	-	-	0.413			
How does this center's survival compare to what is expected for similar patients? ⁷	-	-	Not Significantly Different (a)			
Follow-up days reported by center (%) ⁷	-	-	100.0	99.5	96.4	95.5
Maximum Days of Follow-up (n)	-	-	1,095	30	365	1,095
Transplant Time Period	01/01/2007-06/30/2009	01/01/2007-06/30/2009	07/01/2004-12/31/2006	01/01/2007-06/30/2009	01/01/2007-06/30/2009	07/01/2004-12/31/2006

The data reported here were prepared by the Scientific Registry of Transplant Recipients (SRTR) under contract with the Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA). N/A=Not Applicable.

¹ Transplants during the time period indicated in the last row of the table.

² Observed graft survival rates use the Kaplan-Meier method to estimate outcomes for patients for whom complete follow-up is not expected; see Analytic Methods for more details. This statistic represents graft failure rates among patients still being followed by the facility. If the follow-up percent is low, this statistic may not be representative of outcomes for all patients at this facility. Because different cohorts are followed for each time period, it is possible for reported 3-year survival to exceed 1-year survival.

³ The graft survival rate that would be expected for the patients served by this center, given the characteristic mix of the recipient and donor (age, disease, blood type, etc.) and the experience of similar patients in the entire country. See the Analytic Methods for a description of adjustment and complete list of adjustment factors.

⁴ The number of graft failures that would be expected during the follow-up time, as described in footnote 3. Unlike the expected survival percent, the expected count of graft failures reflects the expected number of graft failures only during the time the patient is alive with a functioning graft and actually followed; therefore, it accounts for differences in the time that elapses from transplant until graft failure.

⁵ The 95% confidence interval gives a range of values for the true ratio of failures at the facility to those expected based on the national experience. The true ratio will be between this lower and upper bound 95% of the time.

⁶ A p-value less than or equal to 0.05 indicates that the difference between the actual and expected graft survival is probably real and is not due to random chance, while a p-value greater than 0.05 indicates that the difference could possibly be due to random chance.

(a) This difference could plausibly be just a chance occurrence.

⁷ Of days expected to be included in the follow-up period, the percentage of days covered by follow-up reporting by this center for these transplants. This measures the possibility that events such as failure have occurred without being reported, and it is not a measure of compliance.

Based on data available as of 04/30/2010. Release at www.ustransplant.org on 07/13/2010.

Table 11
Patient Survival by Age and by Time since First Transplant of This Organ Type
For Patients Receiving their First Transplant of this type between 01/01/2007 and 06/30/2009 for the 1 Month and 1 Year Models; between
07/01/2004 and 12/31/2006 for the 3 Year Model
Center: Banner Good Samaritan Medical Center (AZGS)
Organ: KI: Kidney (Single-Organ Transplants Only; Re-transplants excluded)

	Patient Survival by Time since First Transplant					
	This Center			United States		
	1 Month	1 Year	3 Years	1 Month	1 Year	3 Years
Adult (Age 18+)						
Transplants (n=number) ¹	262	262	233	33,947	33,947	33,821
Percent (%) of Patients Surviving at End of Period						
Observed at this Center ²	99.62	99.62	94.42	99.34	96.90	91.37
Expected, based on national experience ³	99.52	97.73	93.14			
Deaths During Follow-up Period						
Observed at this center	1	1	13	223	976	2,919
Expected, based on national experience ⁴	1.25	5.78	16.06	223	976	2,919
Ratio: Observed to Expected (O/E)	0.80	0.17	0.81	1.00	1.00	1.00
(95% Confidence Interval) ⁵	(0.02-4.45)	(0.00-0.96)	(0.43-1.38)			
P-value (2-sided), observed v. expected ⁶	0.999	0.042	0.540			
How does this center's survival compare to what is expected for similar patients?	Not Significantly Different (a)	Statistically Higher (b)	Not Significantly Different (a)			
Percent retransplanted	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.3	1.1
Follow-up days reported by center (%) ⁷	100.0	98.7	97.0	99.4	95.7	93.0
Maximum Days of Follow-up (n)	30	365	1,095	30	365	1,095
Pediatric (Age < 18)						
Transplants (n) ¹	2	2	4	1,785	1,785	1,967
Percent (%) of Patients Surviving at End of Period						
Observed at this Center ²	100.00	100.00	100.00	99.61	98.96	97.86
Expected, based on national experience ³	-	-	-			
Deaths During Follow-up Period						
Observed at this center	0	0	0	7	17	42
Expected, based on national experience ⁴	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ratio: Observed to Expected (O/E)				1.00	1.00	1.00
(95% Confidence Interval) ⁵	(---)	(---)	(---)			
P-value (2-sided), observed v. expected ⁶	-	-	-			
How does this center's survival compare to what is expected for similar patients?	-	-	-			
Percent retransplanted	0.0	0.0	25.0	0.1	0.7	2.8
Follow-up days reported by center (%) ⁷	100.0	100.0	88.0	99.0	94.8	91.1
Maximum Days of Follow-up (n)	30	365	1,095	30	365	1,095
Transplant Time Period	01/01/2007-06/30/2009	01/01/2007-06/30/2009	07/01/2004-12/31/2006	01/01/2007-06/30/2009	01/01/2007-06/30/2009	07/01/2004-12/31/2006

The data reported here were prepared by the Scientific Registry of Transplant Recipients (SRTR) under contract with the Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA).
 NA=Not Applicable.

¹ Transplants during the time period indicated in the last row of the table.

² Observed survival rates use the Kaplan-Meier method to estimate outcomes for patients for whom complete follow-up is not expected; see Analytic Methods for more details. Because different cohorts are followed for each time period, it is possible for reported 3-year survival to exceed 1-year survival.

³ The survival rate that would be expected for the patients served by this center, given the characteristic mix of the recipient and donor (age, disease, blood type, etc.) and the experience of similar patients in the entire country. See the Analytic Methods for a description of adjustment and complete list of adjustment factors.

⁴ The number of deaths that would be expected during the follow-up time, as described in footnote 3. Unlike the expected survival percent, the expected count of deaths reflects the expected number of deaths only during the time the patient is alive and actually followed; therefore, it accounts for differences in the time that elapses from transplant until death.

⁵ The 95% confidence interval gives a range of values for the true ratio of deaths at the facility to those expected based on the national experience. The true ratio will be between this lower and upper bound 95% of the time.

⁶ A p-value less than or equal to 0.05 indicates that the difference between the actual and expected patient survival is probably real and is not due to random chance, while a p-value greater than 0.05 indicates that the difference could possibly be due to random chance.

(a) This difference could plausibly be just a chance occurrence.

(b) This difference is unlikely due to random chance and probably represents a real difference from the expected survival.

⁷ Of days expected to be included in the follow-up period, the percentage of days covered by follow-up reporting at this center for these transplants. Additional follow-up days included in survival may be covered by SSDMF data. This measures the possibility that events such as failure have occurred without being reported, and it is not a measure of compliance.

Table 11
Patient Survival by Donor Type by Age and by Time since First Transplant of This Organ Type
For Patients Receiving their First Transplant of this type between 01/01/2007 and 06/30/2009 for the 1 Month and 1 Year Models; between 07/01/2004 and 12/31/2006 for the 3 Year Model
Center: Banner Good Samaritan Medical Center (AZGS)
Organ: Kidney (Single-Organ Transplants Only; Re-transplants excluded)

	Patient Survival by Time since First Transplant					
	This Center			United States		
Deceased Donor	1 Month	1 Year	3 Years	1 Month	1 Year	3 Years
Adult (Age ≥ 18)						
Transplants (n/number) ¹	114	114	108	21,121	21,121	20,061
Percent (%) of Patients Surviving at End of Period						
Observed at this Center ²	99.12	99.12	93.52	99.12	95.87	88.73
Expected, based on national experience ³	99.24	96.40	89.81			
Deaths During Follow-up Period						
Observed at this center	1	1	7	186	812	2,280
Expected, based on national experience ⁴	0.87	4.00	11.07	186	812	2,280
Ratio: Observed to Expected (O/E)	1.14	0.25	0.63	1.00	1.00	1.00
(95% Confidence Interval) ⁵	(0.03-6.37)	(0.01-1.39)	(0.25-1.30)			
P-value (2-sided), observed v. expected ⁶	0.999	0.183	0.278			
How does this center's survival compare to what is expected for similar patients?						
Different (a)	Not Significantly	Not Significantly	Not Significantly			
Percent retransplanted	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	1.2
Follow-up days reported by center (%) ⁷	100.0	98.5	96.7	99.4	95.4	92.5
Maximum Days of Follow-up (n)	30	365	1,095	30	365	1,095
Pediatric (Age < 18)						
Transplants (n)	2	2	3	1,076	1,076	1,076
Percent (%) of Patients Surviving at End of Period						
Observed at this Center ²	100.00	100.00	100.00	99.54	98.88	97.49
Expected, based on national experience ³	-	-	-			
Deaths During Follow-up Period						
Observed at this center	0	0	0	5	11	27
Expected, based on national experience ⁴	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ratio: Observed to Expected (O/E)	-	-	-	1.00	1.00	1.00
(95% Confidence Interval) ⁵	(-)	(-)	(-)			
P-value (2-sided), observed v. expected ⁶	-	-	-			
How does this center's survival compare to what is expected for similar patients?						
Different (a)	Not Significantly	Not Significantly	Not Significantly			
Percent retransplanted	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.7	3.0
Follow-up days reported by center (%) ⁷	100.0	100.0	97.6	99.0	94.5	89.7
Maximum Days of Follow-up (n)	30	365	1,095	30	365	1,095
Living Donor						
Adult (Age ≥ 18)						
Transplants (n) ¹	148	148	125	12,826	12,826	13,760
Percent (%) of Patients Surviving at End of Period						
Observed at this Center ²	100.00	100.00	95.20	99.71	98.60	95.21
Expected, based on national experience ³	99.75	98.76	96.02			
Deaths During Follow-up Period						
Observed at this center	0	0	6	37	164	659
Expected, based on national experience ⁴	0.38	1.78	4.99	37	164	659
Ratio: Observed to Expected (O/E)	0.00	0.00	1.20	1.00	1.00	1.00
(95% Confidence Interval) ⁵	(0.00-0.79)	(0.00-2.08)	(0.44-2.82)			
P-value (2-sided), observed v. expected ⁶	0.999	0.338	0.765			
How does this center's survival compare to what is expected for similar patients?						
Different (a)	Not Significantly	Not Significantly	Not Significantly			
Percent retransplanted	0.0	0.0	0.8	0.0	0.2	1.1
Follow-up days reported by center (%) ⁷	100.0	98.8	97.3	99.5	96.3	93.6
Maximum Days of Follow-up (n)	30	365	1,095	30	365	1,095
Pediatric (Age < 18)						
Transplants (n) ¹	-	-	1	709	709	891
Percent (%) of Patients Surviving at End of Period						
Observed at this Center ²	-	-	100.00	99.72	99.08	98.32
Expected, based on national experience ³	-	-	-			
Deaths During Follow-up Period						
Observed at this center	-	-	0	2	6	15
Expected, based on national experience ⁴	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ratio: Observed to Expected (O/E)	-	-	-	1.00	1.00	1.00
(95% Confidence Interval) ⁵	(-)	(-)	(-)			
P-value (2-sided), observed v. expected ⁶	-	-	-			
How does this center's survival compare to what is expected for similar patients?						
Different (a)	-	-	100.0	0.0	0.7	2.8
Percent retransplanted	-	-	59.3	99.0	95.2	92.8
Follow-up days reported by center (%) ⁷	-	-	1.095	30	365	1,095
Maximum Days of Follow-up (n)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transplant Time Period	01/01/2007-06/30/2009	01/01/2007-06/30/2009	07/01/2004-12/31/2006	01/01/2007-06/30/2009	01/01/2007-06/30/2009	07/01/2004-12/31/2006

The data reported here were prepared by the Scientific Registry of Transplant Recipients (SRTR) under contract with the Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA).

N/A=Not Applicable.

¹ Transplants during the time period indicated in the last row of the table.

² Observed survival rates use the Kaplan-Meier method to estimate outcomes for patients for whom complete follow-up is not expected; see Analytic Methods for more details. Because different cohorts are followed for each time period, it is possible for reported 3-year survival to exceed 1-year survival.

³ The survival rate that would be expected for the patients served by this center, given the characteristic mix of the recipient and donor (age, disease, blood type, etc.) and the experience of similar patients in the entire country. See the Analytic Methods for a description of adjustment and complete list of adjustment factors.

⁴ The number of deaths that would be expected during the follow-up time, as described in footnote 3. Unlike the expected survival percent, the expected count of deaths reflects the expected number of deaths only during the time the patient is alive and actually followed; therefore, it accounts for differences in the time that elapses from transplant until death.

⁵ The 95% confidence interval gives a range of values for the true ratio of deaths at the facility to those expected based on the national experience. The true ratio will be between this lower and upper bound 95% of the time.

⁶ A p-value less than or equal to 0.05 indicates that the difference between the actual and expected patient survival is probably real and is not due to random chance, while a p-value greater than 0.05 indicates that the difference could possibly be due to random chance.

(a) This difference could plausibly be just a chance occurrence.

⁷ Of days expected to be included in the follow-up period, the percentage of days covered by follow-up reporting at this center for these transplants. Additional follow-up days included in survival may be covered by SDDMF data. This measures the possibility that events such as failure have occurred without being reported, and it is not a measure of compliance.

Based on data available as of 04/30/2010. Release at www.ustransplant.org on 07/13/2010.

Center: AZGSTX1KI

General Comments

Banner Good Samaritan Medical Center performed its first renal transplant over 40 years ago in 1969 and continues to be one of the most active transplant centers in the nation. In January of 2010, BGSMC performed its 3000th kidney transplant. The demographic characteristics of our renal waitlist and transplant recipients are reflective of the state's ESRD population. The high number of "other" race candidates and recipients encompasses Arizona's relatively large Native American population and Banner Good Samaritan Medical Center's ability to care for this broad patient mix. BGSMC's mortality rate while waiting for transplant is statistically significantly lower than expected. Banner is pleased to report that adult 1 year graft and patient success rates are both statistically significantly better than expected, and overall adult survival rates continue to be better than the national averages. The average length of stay is shorter than the regional and national averages. In 2000 BGSMC began offering laparoscopic nephrectomy for living donors, which is now the recommended surgical method. We have since performed over 600 laparoscopic nephrectomies with excellent outcomes. At Banner we are continually striving to improve our program to better serve our community. In June, 2009 the Transplant Center clinic moved to a new state of the art facility, conveniently closer to the hospital. Banner Health has been named a top 10 Health System according to a national survey of 255 health systems by Thomson Reuters, June 21, 2010. The distinction was announced in Modern Healthcare and the survey analyzed clinical performance and determined that Banner Health was among the best in the nation. You may contact us at (800) 554-1923 or (602) 839-7000 or by email at sarah.hackney@bannerhealth.com. Please visit our website at www.bannerhealth.com (enter keyword transplant) or use following link:
<http://www.bannerhealth.com/apps/go.aspx?r=good+sam+transplant+services&src=bhcom>